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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/728,052	12/04/2003	Shahab M. Sayeedi	CE11765R	8941
22917	7590	02/14/2007	EXAMINER	
MOTOROLA, INC. 1303 EAST ALGONQUIN ROAD IL01/3RD SCHAUMBURG, IL 60196			JAIN, RAJ K	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2616	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/14/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/728,052	SAYEEDI, SHAHAB M.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Raj K. Jain	2616

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 December 2006.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-52 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) 15-51 is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-13 and 52 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 04 December 2003 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
 6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sundar et al. (Pub. No. US 2003/0134636 A1) in view of Soong et al. (Pub. No. US 2004/0166865 A1).

Claim 1, Sundar teaches a method for providing forward link packet data service to mobile stations (MSs) in a mobile communication system (Mobile Station receiving cell ID data from Legacy MSC via BTS forward link of Fig. 5), the method comprising: providing, by a cell in the mobile communication system (geographic area of coverage of BTS of Fig. 5), data transmission services via a forward link (information transmission of cell-ids to the mobile station ref. by page 4 para. [0068]). Sundar does not teach indicating by the cell to an MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link.

Soong teaches indicating by the cell to an MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link (BSC sending HDM to MS 'A' step g of Fig. 4, indicating the serving BTS will not provide service and identification of a new active set ref. by page 3 para. [0031]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 2, Sundar teaches a method of providing data transmission services comprises providing data transmission services to the MS (Mobile Station receiving cell ID data from Legacy MSC via BTS forward link of Fig. 5). Sundar does not teach wherein indicating that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS comprises indicating by the cell, that the cell will no longer provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link (BSC sending HDM to MS 'A' Step g of Fig. 4, indicating the serving BTS detects MS transmission loss Step a, thus will not provide service and identification of a new active set ref. by page 3 para. [0031]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 3, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach wherein indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending a channel assignment message to the MS that indicates that the cell does not support a forward link.

Soong teaches wherein indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending a channel assignment message to the MS that indicates that the cell does not support a forward link (Handoff Direction Message of Step g of Fig. 4, HDM indicating a new active set for the MS ref. by page 3 para. [0031]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 4, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach wherein indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending a channel assignment message to the MS that indicates that the cell is not part of an active set of the MS.

Soong teaches wherein indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending a channel assignment message to the MS that indicates that the cell is not part of an active set of the MS (Handoff Direction Message of Step g of Fig. 4, HDM indicating a new active set for the MS ref. by page 3 para. [0031] wherein the serving BTS is not part of the new active set).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station

selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 5, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach determining whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell.

Soong teaches determining whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell (BTS detection of transmission loss with MS in Step a of Fig. 4, transmission loss ref. by page 3 para. [0031]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 6, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach wherein determining whether the cell is presently available comprises determining, when creating an active set for the MS, whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell. Soong teaches wherein determining whether the cell is presently available comprises determining, when creating an active set for the MS, whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell (BTS transmission of neighbor list to MS wherein the MS sends PSMM measurement for the active set ref. by page 3 para. [0028]).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 7, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach wherein determining whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell comprises requesting the cell to indicate the cell availability to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell.

Soong teaches wherein determining whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell comprises requesting the cell to indicate the cell availability to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell (BTS transmission of neighbor list to MS wherein the MS sends PSMM measurement for the active set ref. by page 3 para. [0028], wherein the measurement indicate cell availability).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 8, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach wherein determining whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell comprises receiving

an indication that the cell is presently unavailable to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell.

Soong teaches wherein determining whether the cell is presently available to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell comprises receiving an indication that the cell is presently unavailable to provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link of the cell (Handoff Direction Message of Step g of Fig. 4, HDM indicating a new active set for the MS ref. by page 3 para. [0031] wherein the serving BTS is not part of the new active set due to transmission loss).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 9, Sundar teaches providing by a serving cell in the mobile communication system data transmission services via a forward link of the serving cell (Mobile Station receiving cell ID data 502 from Legacy MSC via BTS forward link of Fig. 5), providing data transmission services by the cell comprises providing data transmission services by a selected target cell of the MS to at least one MS in the mobile communication system other than the MS (MS sends HandOff is needed to WLAN of Fig. 12, requesting a WWAN target MSC ref. by page 6 para. [0078] through a Facility Directive, wherein the target MSC is used with other MSs of Fig.4). Sundar does not teach indicating that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS comprises

indicating by the serving cell that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link.

Soong teaches indicating that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS comprises indicating by the serving cell that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link (BSC sending HDM to MS 'A' step g of Fig. 4, indicating the serving BTS will not provide service due to transmission loss and identification of a new active set ref. by page 3 para. [0031]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 10, Sundar teaches providing data transmission services comprises providing data transmission services to the MS by the cell via the forward link (Mobile Station receiving cell ID data 502 from Legacy MSC via BTS forward link of Fig. 5).

Claim 11, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending, by the cell, a Universal Handoff Direction message (UHDM) that indicates that the cell does not support a forward link.

Soong teaches indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending, by the cell, a Universal Handoff Direction message (UHDM) that indicates that the cell does not support a

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forward link (Handoff Direction Message of Step g of Fig. 4, HDM indicating a new active set for the MS ref. by page 3 para. [0031] wherein the serving BTS is not part of the new active set due to transmission loss).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 12, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending, by the cell, a Universal Handoff Direction message (UHDM) that indicates that the cell is not part of an active set of the MS.

Soong teaches indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises sending, by the cell, a Universal Handoff Direction message (UHDM) that indicates that the cell is not part of an active set of the MS (Handoff Direction Message of Step g of Fig. 4, HDM indicating a new active set for the MS ref. by page 3 para. [0031] wherein the serving BTS is not part of the new active set due to transmission loss).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 13, Sundar teaches a a network initiated cancellation of the MS's present cell selection of the cell indicating a need for the MS to select an alternate cell to provide data transmission service to the MS via a forward link (SIP registration cancellation to the MS of the previous serving MSC ref. by page 5 para. [0075]).

Sundar does not teach indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises signaling, by the cell. Soong teaches indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link comprises signaling, by the cell (BSC sending HDM to MS 'A' step g of Fig. 4, indicating the serving BTS will not provide service and identification of a new active set ref. by page 3 para. [0031]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Claim 52 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sundar and Soong as applied to claims 1, 15, 33, 42, 48 above, and further in view of Koo et al. (Pub No. US 2003/0117969 A1).

Claim 52, Sundar teaches a method for MS internetworking WWAN and WLAN. Sundar does not teach indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link.

Soong teaches indicating to the MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link (Handoff Direction Message of Step g of Fig. 4, HDM indicating a new active set for the MS ref. by page 3 para. [0031] wherein the serving BTS is not part of the new active set due to transmission loss).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the call recovery method of Soong to the mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar for the purpose of simultaneous rescues for multiple mobile stations as suggested by Soong (page 1 para. [0005]).

Sundar and Soong teach a method of call recovery mobile station selection.

Sundar and Soong do not teach signaling the MS via a forward packet data control channel (F-PDCCH) of the cell.

Koo teaches signaling the MS via a forward packet data control channel (F-PDCCH) of the cell (BS transmits gated F-CPCCCH to MS of Fig. 5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the forward packet data control of Koo to the call recovery mobile station selection of a WLAN of Sundar and Soong for the purpose of mode transition between a control hold mode and an active mode for a data service as suggested by Koo (page 2 para. [0016]).

Allowable Subject Matter

2. Claims 15-16,18-51 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 12/7/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to claims 1-13, applicant contends the cited references fail to disclose (here in part) "....indicating, by the cell, to an MS that the cell will not provide data transmission service to the MS via the forward link" .

Examiner respectfully disagrees, Para 31 and Fig. 4 illustrate the process where here in part*the BSC 22 sends a handoff direction message (g) to the mobile station 100 over the forward call recovery channel to effect a handoff. The handoff direction message identifies the new active set for the mobile station 100. The new active set may include one or more BTSs from the old active set, but the Walsh codes for the traffic channels may be changed...*

The process of cell handoff from one BTS to another BTS inherently implies that the serving BTS will not provide data transmission service to the MS and the new BTS will begin the data transmission. The concept of cell handoff is well known in the cellular art and therefore one skilled in the art will appreciate that a given serving cell ceases transmission to a mobile once the mobile has crossed transmission cell range of the serving cell. Applicant's claim does not specify when the data transmission will not be provided, but merely that the cell will not provide data transmission to the MS via forward link by an indication. Therefore, given its broadest interpretation, the cell can stop data transmission by indicating to the MS once it has gone beyond transmission

limits of the serving cell, and therefore the limitation as cited is met by Sundar et al., and therefore claims 1-13 and 52 stand rejected.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raj K. Jain whose telephone number is 571-272-3145. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chi Pham can be reached on 571-272-3179. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Raj K. Jain Raj K. Jain
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2616

February 7, 2007